

## **FORM OF INTERMEDIATE CONTROL ON THE HISTORY OF THE BELARUSIAN STATEHOOD**

### **1. A control survey on the topics of section 1 in the form of a survey on dates, phenomena, processes:**

1. Name the periodization of the history of the Belarusian statehood.
2. What are the signs of the state?
3. The date of the capture of Polack by the Novgorod prince, the murder of Rahvalod and the capture of Rahnieda?
4. Define the concept of the Old Ruthenian state.
5. By whom, when and for what purpose the Kreva Union was signed.
6. Explain the meaning of Hiedymin's rule "Do not destroy the old, do not introduce new things."
7. Name the evidence that the Great Principality of Lithuania has not lost its independence after the Union of Lublin (at least three).
8. Name the dates of receipt of the Magdeburg law by the modern regional cities of Belarus.
9. When does the Reformation movement enter the territory of Belarus?
10. Reveal the essence of the "dissident question" at the end of the XVIII century.
11. Determine the nature of K. Kalinoŭski's uprising.
12. When the magazine "Homan" was published.
13. What are the main reasons why the BPR did not become a state (at least three).
14. Date of proclamation of the BSSR.
15. Date of the Soviet-Polish War.
16. Name the evidence that the BSSR was a form of Belarusian national statehood (at least three).
17. Name the methods and forms of destruction of the Soviet- Byelorussian statehood by the Nazis (at least three).
18. The years of Perestroika.
19. Date of creation of the Union State.
20. Determine the logical sequence and continue the series: Shushkevich, Šuškievič, Kiebič, Pazniak, Novikaŭ, Karpienka, Dubko ...

### **2. Survey on section 2:**

1. Explain the concept of "City-state"
2. Explain the concept of "Powiat Sejmik"
3. Explain the concept of "Rule of law"
4. Explain the concept of a "Welfare state"
5. Explain the concept of "Parliamentary fraction"

6. Explain the concept of “Social equality”
7. Name the signs of a state with a strong presidential power (at least three).
8. Name the historical forms of popular representation and democracy.
9. What are the main functions of the Government of modern Belarus?
10. What are the main functions of the executive committees of the Republic of Belarus (at least three)

**3. Preparation of an essay on the topics of section 3:**

***Optionally:***

1. Socially oriented market economy – the path chosen by Belarusians and for Belarusians.
2. Excursion potential of Minsk Region (Homiel Region, Viciebsk Region, Hrodna Region, Mahilioŭ Region, Brest Region).
3. The region (city) in which I live and its history.
4. Residents of the region (city) in which I live, and their contribution to the development of medicine (physics, mathematics, history, law, public administration, literature, linguistics, etc.)
5. Multi-confessionalism as a Belarusian brand.
6. The winding path of the Belarusian nation.
7. Signs and symbols of the ancestors of Belarusians.
8. Who am I, who are you, who are we?
9. Birthday of Belarus.
10. Globalization and Belarus.
11. I am a delegate of the All-Belarusian People's Assembly.
12. Belarus and its friends.
13. Strong health is the responsibility of each of us.
14. What Christianity can teach us: social and political approach.
15. Neighboring nations or non-Belarusians in Belarus.
16. Name and self-name of residents of modern Belarus.
17. Ideas about the identity of the Belarusian nation in the works of F. Bahuševič.
18. The right of nations to self-determination in the context of Soviet-Byelorussian history.
19. Soviet Byelorussia and its outstanding figures.
20. Representatives of other nationalities in the construction and strengthening of the Belarusian statehood.