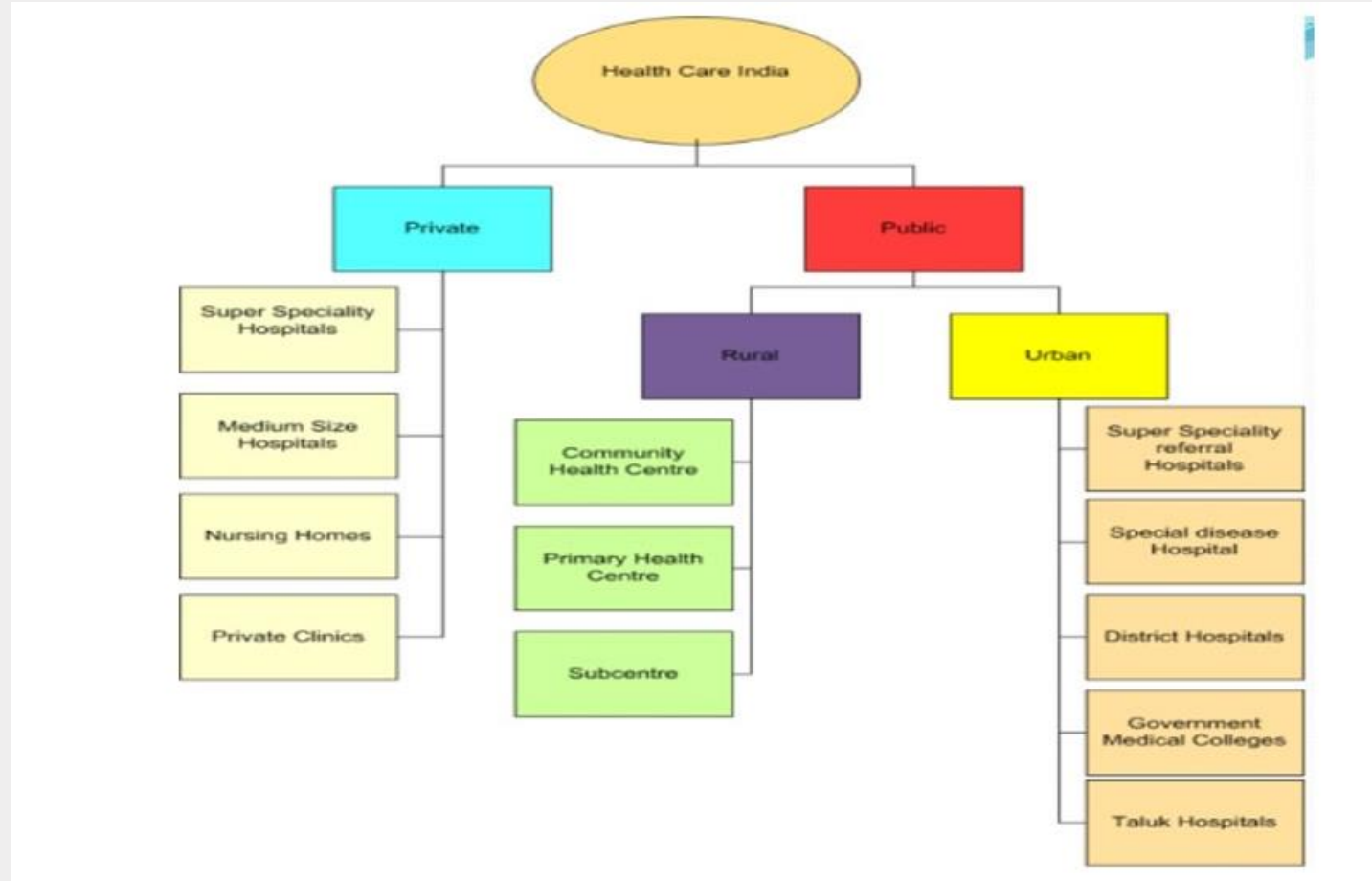




Change in its infrastructure in past 10 years

Improvement across the spectrum of health and development.



Reached to General public irrespective economic background.

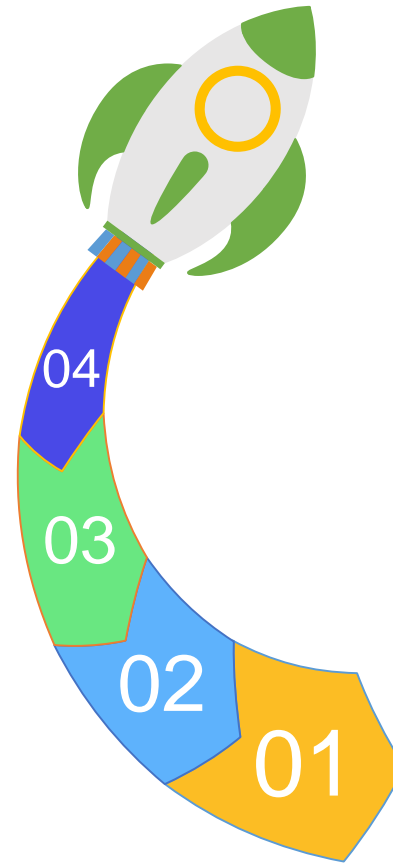
Being one of the best health care services by reaching more than 1 billion people.

# Communicable diseases

India is working very hard to minimize the effect of communicable disease and there is decrease in the death due to it.

	% of total deaths	% change 2005 to 2015
Heart attack/failure	16	+17
Lung disease (COPD)	10	+4
Stroke/brain hemorrhage	8	+7
Bronchitis/Pneumonia	5	-23
Diarrheal diseases	5	-32
Tuberculosis	5	-31
Diabetes	3	+35
Chronic kidney disease	3	+21
Preterm birth	3	-40
Road injuries	3	-3

■ Communicable  
■ Non-communicable  
■ Injuries



Working continuously towards the mission and vision.



Started Swatch bharat abhiyan and clean India movement



Improvised the speed of vaccination



Strict target for the elimination of communicable disease

# Improved nutrition

## Nutrition Programme in India

1. ICDS Programme
2. Vit-A prophylaxis Programme
3. Special Nutritional Programme (SNP)
4. Balwadi Nutrition Programme
5. Prophylaxis against nutritional Anemia
6. Mid-day Meal Programme (School lunch Programme)
7. Mid-day meal scheme
8. National Iodine Deficiency Disorder Control Programme

01

After significant progress in the last few years, 70 percent of India's population now has access to subsidized food.

02

PATH has been looking into the massive potential offered by rice fortification and is currently working with the state government to reach 450,000 schoolchildren each day in Karnataka State.

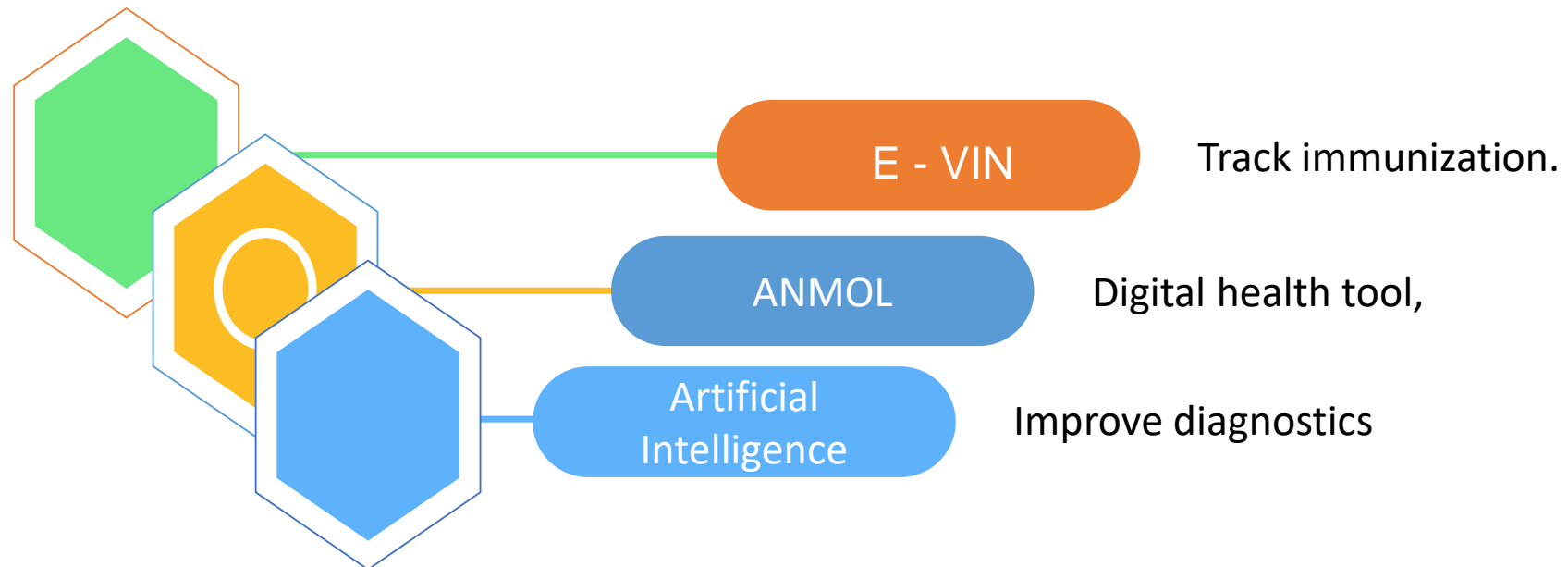
03

Over the coming decade, India plans to introduce fortified food to two-thirds of the country via the National Food Security Act, which will dramatically reduce anemia and childhood stunting.



Mid day meal given to school going student for free of cost

# Using Digital health and artificial Intelligence





# AYURVEDA



India is known for its traditional medicinal systems—Ayurveda, Siddha, and Unani.

concept appeared and developed between 2500 and 500 BC in India



positive health means metabolically well-balanced human beings

is also called the “science of longevity” because it offers a complete system to live a long healthy life



# Focus on prevention

1. In an encouraging sign of progress, we've seen a big increase in health and wellness centers in the past decade
2. The National Health Mission (NHM)—the result of a 2013 merger between the National Urban Health Mission and the National Rural Health Mission—is a prominent example. The program's primary focus is on disease control, prevention, and surveillance, and it has already made a huge impact on our health care system.
3. We are now starting to think beyond primary health and toward universal health coverage.



# Reduced neonatal mortality rates

- **1. Neonatal mortality rates have improved markedly, dropping from 57 deaths per 1,000 live births to 37 between 2005 and 2015.**
- **2. In the past decade, India has saved a huge number of infants through multiple interventions— including an increase in institutional birthing, immunization coverage, and improved sanitation.**





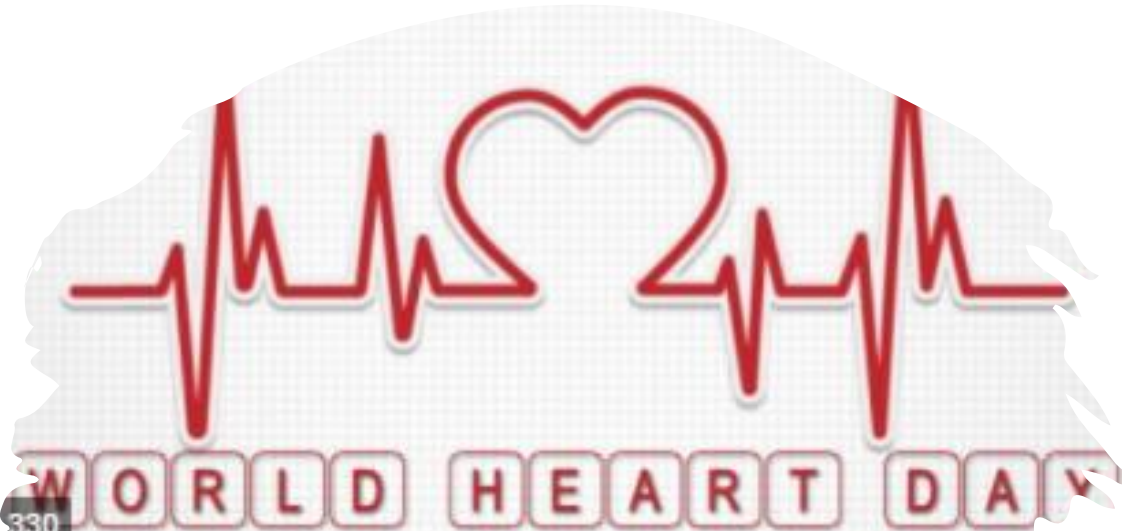
WORLD DIABETES DAY

14 NOVEMBER

# Health promotion

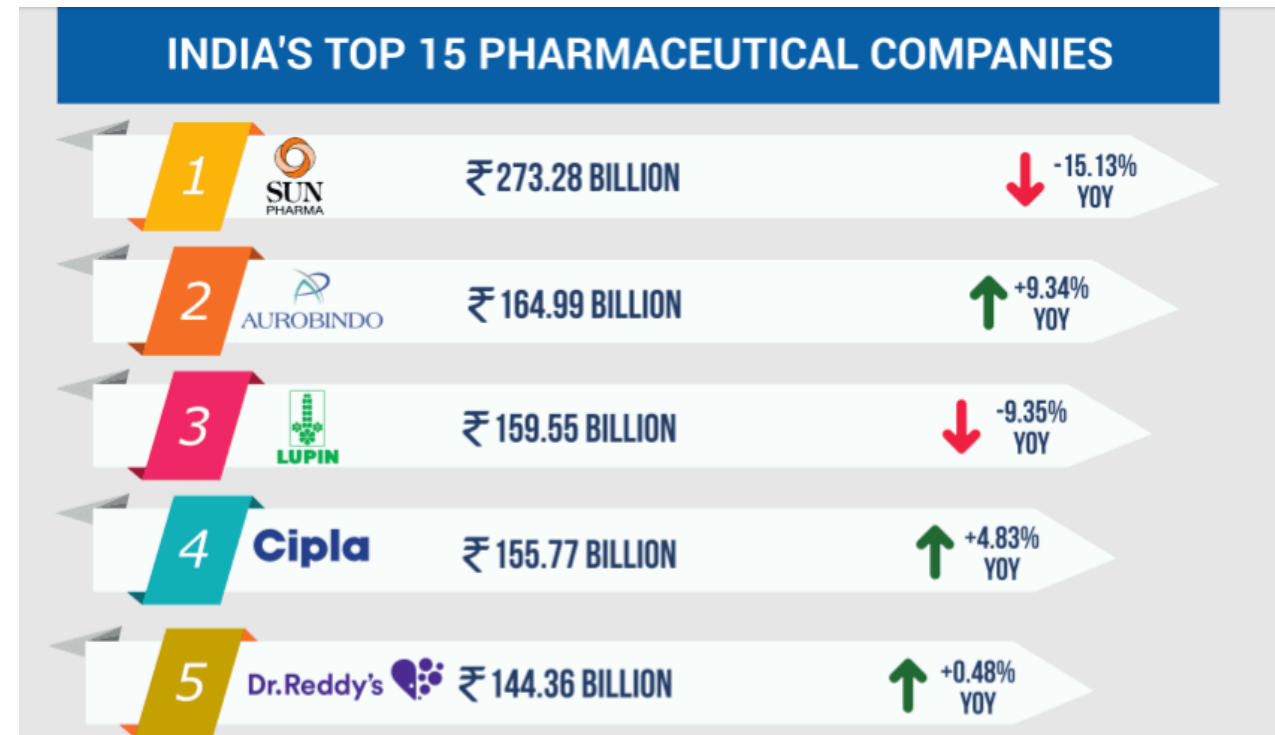
Stopping the spread of STDs and HIV/AIDS, helping youth recognize the dangers of tobacco smoking and promoting physical activity

Much are being done to improve the effectiveness of health promotion by extending it to rural areas as well; observing days like “Diabetes day” and “Heart day” even in villages are helping create awareness at the grassroots level.





# India's gift" to the world



---

The rollout of COVID-19 vaccine is "India's gift" to the world in combating coronavirus and will be remembered as a time when the country stepped up in a major way as a global player in innovation, a top American scientist has said.

---

India is called the pharmacy of the world during the COVID-19 pandemic with its vast experience and deep knowledge in medicine.

---

The country is one of the world's biggest drug-makers and an increasing number of countries have already approached it for procuring coronavirus vaccines.

# NEW INDIA



New agenda for Public Health in India includes the epidemiological transition, demographical transition, environmental changes and social determinants of health

# Conclusion



- Although there are many shortcomings in India due to a large number of people residing there, and lack of facilities in certain places , yet India is growing to be one of the nation with the fastest development in health sector. Many miles achieved, many miles to come yet.

Thanky  
ou

Shreya Yadav

